

The European Parliament approved the EMF resolution, prepared by MEP Frédérique Ries

Dear ICEMS members and colleagues,

We are very glad to advise you that the European Parliament approved the EMF resolution, prepared by MEP Frédérique Ries, on April 2, 2009.

The votes by the MEPs were: 559 for, 22 against and 8 abstentions.

I have confirmed this was the official vote but am still working on accessing the official minutes and actual language of the resolution to determine whether there were any amendments or other changes to the Reis Resolution.

Meanwhile, we forward an early report about this vote prepared by Pedro Belmonte, Ecologistas NGO, in Spain, which is unconfirmed (see below).

See News story on the Reis Report, dated March 31, 2009

at http://www.europarl.europa.eu/news/public/toute_actualite/default/default_en.htm

(scroll down the page for this report.)

By this vote, the European Parliament shows its interest in taking action to address health problems related to electromagnetic fields.

I will inform you of any new developments or you can go directly to the European Parliament website at www.europarl.europa.eu.

Kind Regards,

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----- Original Message -----

From: Pedro Belmonte

Sent: Thursday, April 02, 2009 11:15 AM

Subject: Adopted Resolution Ries on ELF in the European Parliament

EUROPA PRESS

SPAIN

2, APRIL

The full European Parliament on Thursday adopted a non-binding report which claimed that the antenna, the high-voltage power grids or telecommunications towers are installed at a minimum distance of schools, nursing homes or health centers and to publish maps showing the levels of exposure to these waves after warning of the consequences to human health that exposure to electromagnetic

fields can be determined.

The report, prepared by the Belgian liberal MEP Frédérique Ries and approved with the votes of 559 MEPs, 22 against and 8 abstentions, calls for "ensuring that at least schools, kindergartens, nursing homes and health centers are located at a specific distance, determined in accordance with scientific criteria, this type of equipment "and advocate" solutions dialogue between industry, government and military and neighborhood associations on the criteria for the installation of new antennas or telephone lines high voltage because they consider that it "is in the public interest."

MEPs also argue that government support the establishment of infrastructure shared by companies and antennas in order to "reduce the number and exposure of the population." They also propose to reorient the antennas to electromagnetic fields that do not impinge so directly on the inhabited villages and seek to accelerate the implementation of the policy that specifically protects workers against electromagnetic fields.

The rapporteur Ries warned that European citizens are "concerned" by the radiation emitted by such facilities, while up to 80% of them recognized not have enough information. Therefore, the EU proposes to Veintisiete in his report that was published maps of this type of exhibition facilities via the web to ensure their access to the public.

The European Parliament also urged the Commission to use funds from the trans to drive research on the effects of electromagnetic fields and, again, asked to find out why it had not been released Interphone global scientific report, which helped finance Brussels, on the relationship between mobile phones and certain types of cancer

[<http://omega.twoday.net/search?q=European+Parliament>

<http://omega.twoday.net/search?q=Frédérique+Ries>

<http://omega.twoday.net/search?q=EMF+resolution>

<http://omega.twoday.net/search?q=ICEMS>]